## National Insurance Monthly 2022-23

This sheet just asks a few questions focusing on jobs that are paid monthly.

| Percentage <br> NI due | Minimum <br> monthly <br> income | Maximum <br> monthly <br> income | Minimum <br> yearly <br> income | Maximum <br> yearly <br> income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0 \%$ | up to $£ 1048$ | $£ 12570$ |  |  |
| $13.25 \%$ | $£ 1048$ | $£ 4189$ | $£ 12570$ | $£ 50270$ |
| $3.25 \%$ | above <br> $£ 4189$ |  | above <br> $£ 50270$ |  |

## Starter questions

Q1) One month, Fazan worked a total of 142 hours. He gets paid $£ 6.75$ per hour and does some working out as follows.


Has Fazan done his calculations correctly?
Q2) Fazan goes on to say, "At my current hourly pay, I'd have to work over 20 hours a day throughout April to break the threshold for the 3.25\% rate."
Using appropriate calculations, show that Fazan is correct.

Q3) Esme has been keeping track of her pay over from the start of the year.
Calculate how much National Insurance she should be paying each month.

| Month | Total pay | National Insurance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan | $£ 950$ |  |
| Feb | $£ 1200$ |  |
| March | $£ 1340$ |  |

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## AQA Paper 1 Finance

## More advanced question

Q4) Dave is a freelance maths consultant and his pay can vary significantly each month. His accountant calculates his National Insurance using monthly pay as it's too difficult to predict an annual salary.

The table shows his pay for the four months at the end of last year.

| Month | Total <br> pay | National Insurance workings | NI |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sept | $£ 6204$ | $13.25 \%$ <br> $3.25 \%$$\quad(4189-1048) \times 0.1325=416.18$ |  |
| Oct | $£ 5860$ |  | $£ 481.66$ |
| Nov | $£ 4200$ |  |  |
| Dec | $£ 2212$ |  |  |

The National Insurance for September has been calculated.
a) Verify the September calculations and show that the answers have been truncated (rounded down)
b) Complete the table for the other three months
c) Work out what percentage of Dave's total pay for the four months was deducted in National Insurance contributions

## To think about

Q5) Compare the two thresholds for monthly and yearly at the $3.25 \%$ level. Is the annual threshold twelve times the monthly one?

Q6) Tashi was going to paid $£ 4150$ this month but is offered some extra work to take her pay to $£ 4250$ instead. How much additional National Insurance does the extra $£ 100$ pay incur?

Q1) Yes, that's correct. They are below the $£ 1048$ threshold.
Q2) The $3.25 \%$ threshold is $£ 4189$ and there are 30 days in April
$4189 \div 6.75=620.6$ hours
$620.6 \div 30=20.69$
This is over 20 hours a day, so yes, Fazan is correct.
Q3)

| Month | Total pay | National Insurance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan | $£ 950$ | Below the threshold - none |
| Feb | $£ 1200$ | $1200-1048=152$ <br> $152 \times 0.1325=£ 20.14$ |
| March | $£ 1340$ | $1340-1048=292$ <br> $292 \times 0.1325=£ 38.69$ |

Q4a) They have been rounded down.
Q4b)

| Month | Total pay | National Insurance workings |  | NI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sept | £6204 | $\begin{aligned} & 13.25 \% \\ & 3.25 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (4189-1048) \times 0.1325=416.18 \\ (6204-4189) \times 0.0325=65.48 \end{gathered}$ | £481.66 |
| Oct | £5860 | $\begin{aligned} & 13.25 \% \\ & 3.25 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (4189-1048) \times 0.1325=416.18 \\ & (5860-4189) \times 0.0325=54.30 \end{aligned}$ | £470.48 |
| Nov | £4200 | $\begin{aligned} & 13.25 \% \\ & 3.25 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (4189-1048) \times 0.1325=416.18 \\ (4200-4189) \times 0.0325=0.35 \end{gathered}$ | £416.53 |
| Dec | £2212 | 13.25\% | $(2212-1048) \times 0.1325=154.23$ | £154.23 |
|  |  |  | Total | £1522.90 |

Q4c) Total pay for those four months is $£ 18476$
Total National Insurance is $£ 1522.90$
$\frac{1522.90}{18476} \times 100 \approx 8.24 \%$
Q5) Not quite. I don't know why.
Q6) Of that $£ 100, £ 39$ is still in the $13.25 \%$ threshold while the other $£ 61$ goes into the $3.25 \%$ rate $39 \times 0.1325=5.16 \quad 61 \times 0.0325=1.98$

